

## St Helen Auckland Community Primary School

# Pupil Premium Strategy 2021-2024

## Rationale

St Helen Auckland Primary School is committed to providing the best possible education for every individual pupil. We have high aspirations and expectations for all of our pupils and we believe that no child should be left behind. This includes making appropriate provision for pupils who belong to vulnerable groups including those who may be socially disadvantaged. We believe that it is not background that is important but a child's passion and thirst for knowledge, and dedication and commitment to learning that make the difference between success and failure. Consequently, we are determined to ensure that all of our pupils are given every opportunity to realise their potential.

## **Background**

Pupil Premium funding is a government initiative that targets additional support at pupils from deprived backgrounds. This is because research has shown that such pupils underachieve compared to other pupils. The money is provided to ensure that schools are able to support these pupils in achieving their full potential. The government have used pupils who are entitled to free school meals (FSM) as an indicator of deprivation and they allocate a fixed amount of money per pupil to schools each financial year based upon the number of pupils who have been registered for FSM at any point during the previous six years. An amount of money is also allocated to children who are looked after (LAC) and service children. The government does not dictate how this money should be spent but schools are expected to employ strategies that they are confident will 'diminish the difference' in attainment between those pupils which are considered to be deprived and those who are not. Schools are accountable for this allocation of resources and must demonstrate that pupils in receipt of Pupil Premium achieve well compared to other pupils. The funding is also used for the promotion of Extended services to raise aspiration e.g., residential trips annually and for widening pupils' awareness of the wider cultural diversity e.g., trips, visitors to school.

## **Key Principles**

By following these key principles, we believe that we can maximise the impact of our Pupil Premium spending:

#### **High expectations**

Providing a culture where staff believe in all children and no excuses are made for underperformance. We will strive to overcome barriers to learning for pupils and give every individual the best possible chance of success.

#### **High Profile**

Diminishing differences in attainment will receive the highest priority in school. We adopt a whole school approach with all staff involved in identifying pupils in need and the barriers to their learning. Pupil premium profiles are completed each term.

### **Early Intervention**

We recognise that high quality early years provision with a strong emphasis upon developing early reading and number skills is crucial to all pupils, but particularly those who have experienced disadvantage in early life.

#### **Inclusive Provision**

We acknowledge that pupil premium pupils are not always socially disadvantaged and at risk of underachievement. Likewise, there are many pupils that we would consider to be vulnerable that are not in receipt of pupil premium funding and do not receive this additional funding.

## **High Quality Teaching and Learning**

We recognise that the biggest factor in high standards of pupil attainment is high quality teaching and learning. We will continue to ensure that all pupils receive good teaching. We will ensure consistent application of key elements of teaching and learning such as planning, marking and assessment and carry out moderation activities to reinforce this. We give high priority to our appraisal systems for teachers and teaching assistants and ensure that high quality professional development is available to all staff.

## **Emphasis on Key Skills**

We will concentrate our spending on achieving the highest possible standards in English and mathematics. This may be in the form of direct teaching and intervention or may be indirect through improving attendance, behaviour or access to resources and support. We place the highest Importance on the breadth of the curriculum. Pupils must access the very broadest opportunities.

## **Strategies**

### **Identifying Need**

Staff will assess the progress of PP pupils regularly. Pupils will also be consulted and asked how they feel they are progressing and if there are any areas in which they feel need additional support.

## Identifying barriers to Learning

We recognise that pupils can experience many barriers to their learning and that these barriers can be long term or of a more short-term nature. We believe that it is vital that these barriers are identified and addressed in order for pupils to achieve their maximum potential. Analysis has shown that typical barriers may be:

- attendance and punctuality issues
- lack of support at home
- weak language and communication skills
- behaviour and emotional difficulties
- low confidence and self-esteem
- lack of resources to support homework

## **Use of Data**

We acknowledge the importance of data and all staff are involved in its analysis so that they are aware of strengths and weaknesses across the school.

• Performance data is analysed each term in order to evaluate the performance of all pupils. Comparisons are made between pupil premium and non-pupil premium pupils within the school. This data is used to provide school improvement targets

- Pupil Premium pupils are clearly identified on our school's tracking system and their progress in reading, writing and mathematics is tracked at least termly.
- Data is used to monitor progress against annual targets. Pupils who are not making expected progress will be identified to receive specific interventions aimed at accelerating their progress.

## **Provision**

We recognise that all of our pupils are individuals with varying needs and as such we employ a wide range of strategies aimed at ensuring that they achieve the highest standards of attainment. Provision is changed annually according to need. Our provision includes:

- Small group interventions and 1:1 tutoring
- Support with speech and language in the early years.
- SATs booster classes
- High quality feedback from staff
- Activities to support aspiration of pupils

## Reporting

We will ensure that we comply with guidance on reporting the use of Pupil Premium issued by the Department for Education by publishing the following information on our school website:

- Our Pupil Premium strategy
- Our Pupil Premium Expenditure Report for the previous academic year detailing how the funding was spent and the impact that this had.
- Our Pupil Premium spending for the current academic year detailing how the funding is to be spent.
- The Pupil Premium Lead and headteacher report to the Governing Body on how effective provision has been in achieving its objectives.
- A pupil premium governor monitors pupil premium performance termly.

# **Pupil premium strategy statement**

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021/2022 and 2022/2023 academic years) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

## **School overview**

Detail	Data
School name	St Helen Auckland Community Primary School
Number of pupils in school	166 plus 30 nursery
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	41.5%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3-year plans are recommended)	2021-2024
Date this statement was published	1st October 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	21 <sup>st</sup> July 2024
Statement authorised by	Mrs J Elmes
Pupil premium lead	Mrs N Treend
Governor lead	

Summary Information 2022-2023							
Pupil Premium Funding	Elig	ible Boys	Eligible (	Girls	Looked After Children		Service Children
Number of eligible pupils: 69	32 (	(£46,560)	37 (£53,8	35)	3 (£5,490)		1 (£335)
Early Years Pupil Premium	Elig	ible Pupils	Eligible E	Boys	Eligible Girls		Total EYPP Budget
Number of pupils: 30	4 (£	1,412)	2 (£706)		2 (£706)		£1,412
Total Number of Pupils (Inc. FTE)		166		Number of Eligible	of Pupils	69	
Total Pupil Premiu Budget	m	£106,220		% of Pup	ils Eligible	41.5	5%

# **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£106,220.00 (£1,412 EYPP)
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£0
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£107,632.00

# Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

At St Helen Auckland Community Primary and Nursery School our practice is developed to ensure the individual needs of our pupils are met, including those of our most vulnerable pupils. As a result of our work, Pupil Premium Funding is allocated based upon our understanding of the needs of the individual pupils, ensuring that they benefit from individualised programmes based on accurate understanding of what support best suits each pupil. Through this we aim to overcome barriers to learning and accelerate progress so that these pupils achieve similar outcomes to their peers and diminish the difference between those pupil entitled to Pupil Premium and those who are not.

# **Challenges**

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Long -term impact of lost learning (Covid 19)
2	Low levels on entry of PP pupils, particularly in communication, literacy and language, reading and number.
3	Low levels of resilience and poor SEMH for some pupils (including those eligible for PP)
4	High numbers of PP pupils also have SEND including ASD, ADHD, Learning difficulties, mental health and attachment needs, impacting upon academic progress.
5	Safeguarding concerns. Unsettled family arrangements leading to social and emotional difficulties affecting learning.
6	Low attendance/ High persistent absentee rates for some PP children
7	Social deprivation and parenting capacity (limited life and learning experiences)

## **Intended outcomes**

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for by the end of our current strategy plan, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Progress in Early reading and phonics.	At the end of Foundation stage, reduce the gap between disadvantaged and others nationally in communication, language and literacy
	At the end of Year 1, reduce the gap between disadvantaged and others nationally in phonics

Raise overall attainment and progress in reading.	<ul> <li>At the end of Foundation stage, reduce the gap between disadvantaged and others nationally in reading.</li> <li>At KS1, continue to maintain the gap between disadvantaged pupils and others in school and nationally in reading.</li> <li>At KS2, maintain the gap between disadvantaged and others in school and nationally.</li> </ul>
Raise overall attainment and progress in writing.	<ul> <li>At the end of Foundation stage, reduce the gap between disadvantages and others nationally in literacy.</li> <li>At KS1, continue to reduce the gap</li> </ul>
	between disadvantages pupils and others in school and nationally in writing.
	At KS2, narrow the gap between disadvantaged and others in school and nationally.
Raise overall attainment and progress in maths.	At the end of Foundation stage, reduce the gap between disadvantaged and others nationally in number.
	At KS1, continue to reduce the gap between disadvantages pupils and others in school and nationally in writing.
	At KS2, narrow the gap between disadvantaged and others in school and nationally.
Increase level of most able and higher achieving pupils across school	Increase the percentage of disadvantages pupils who achieve greater depth in reading, writing and mathematics and RWM combined at the end of key stage 2 (currently 0% of PP pupils in Year 6 achieved GD/Higher Standard RWM combined (9% SPAG, 0% Reading, 18% Maths, 18% Writing)).
Increased emotional wellbeing, resilience, independence and positive behaviour of	Increased resilience demonstrated by pupils
pupils.	Children will settle quickly into school and learning, with any disruptions becoming a rarity.
	A reduction in incidents of children requiring support and/or emotional wellbeing interventions.
At least expected progress for PP pupils who also have SEND	At the end of Foundation stage, reduce the gap between disadvantaged and SEND PP children
	At KS1, continue to reduce the gap between disadvantaged and SEND PP children
	At KS2, narrow the gap between disadvantaged and SEND PP children

All safeguarding concerns are identified and addressed quickly and effectively.	<ul> <li>Safeguarding concerns will be raised by staff via CPOMS to designated safeguarding leads.</li> <li>Early Help Assessments will be submitted</li> <li>TAF, CLA and Child protection meeting attended and actions completed</li> </ul>
Improved rates of attendance and punctuality and decreased persistent absentee rates	<ul> <li>Overall attendance to be in line with national (currently 93 %)</li> <li>Reduce gap between disadvantaged and others.</li> <li>PA for all pupils will be in line with national, with the gap between disadvantaged and others to fall (PA for PP pupils 63% compared to 37% for non-PP pupils)</li> </ul>
Provide support for low-income pupil premium pupils and their families	<ul> <li>Improved attendance rates through provision of subsidised breakfast and after school clubs.</li> <li>Improved academic engagement through provision of wider curriculum (school visits and visitors)</li> <li>Improved parental engagement through participation events, PSA support and signposting.</li> </ul>

# Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

# Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £ 53,816.00

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
EYFS, Phonics and Early Reading		1, 2
Access in house, county and national training with a focus on improving QFT in all core areas of the curriculum.	The Teacher Development Trust – Developing Great Teaching – one of the key findings in this review states that professional development opportunities that are carefully designed and have a string focus on pupil outcomes have a significant impact on student achievement.	
All staff to receive training to deliver early reading and phonics effectively.  Refined and amended planning documents to ensure coverage of new curriculum as well as coverage of any missed areas of the curriculum.	EEF Research found that qualified teachers tend to get better results when delivering phonics interventions (up to twice the effectiveness of other staff), indicating that pedagogical expertise is a key component of successful teaching of early reading.  EEF research suggests that Phonics approaches have been consistently found to be effective in supporting younger readers to master the basics of reading, with an average impact of an additional four months' progress.  Research suggests that phonics is particularly beneficial for younger learners (4–7-year-olds) as they begin to read.	
Implement ELKLAN programme.	An independent evaluation shows that the Elklan Talking Matters programme does make a positive impact on the receptive and expressive language abilities of young children across a range of early years settings. The Talking Matters programme also makes a statistically significant impact on practitioners' knowledge of and confidence in supporting children's	

	speech, language and communication J Clegg & C Rohde, University of Sheffield July 2017	
Implement Nuffield Early Language Intervention.	On average, children who are involved in communication and language approaches make approximately six months' additional progress over the course of a year. All children appear to benefit from such approaches, but some studies show slightly larger effects for children from disadvantaged backgrounds.  A 2016 randomised controlled trial	
	found a positive impact of four months' additional progress for the Nuffield Early Language intervention.	
	EEF research indicates communication and language approaches showed gains of 6 months. NELI showed an additional 10 months progress.	
Early Star reader access for all children.	An EEF and Durham University study found that 'The internet-based programme increased the reading age of pupils by three additional months in just 22 weeks. The effect on low-income pupils was even greater, with their reading age improving by five additional months in the same amount of time'.	
Retention of experiences and highly qualified teaching and support staff.	EEF recommendation that ensuring an effective teacher is in front of every class, and that every teacher is supported to keep improving, is the key ingredient of a successful school.	
Reading, Writing and Maths progress		1, 2
Access in house, county and national training with a focus on improving QFT in all core areas of the curriculum.	The Teacher Development Trust – Developing Great Teaching – one of the key findings in this review states that professional development opportunities that are carefully designed and have a string focus on pupil outcomes have a significant impact on student achievement.	
Whole school monitoring to ensure high levels of teaching and learning throughout school in all subjects.	The agreement or moderation of assessment judgements is essential so that all those involved (e.g., teachers, pupils, parents and local authorities) can make effective use of the information. Moderation is used to	

Moderation with neighbouring schools and LA.  Refined and amended planning documents to ensure curriculum coverage and breadth, with a focus on any gaps and missed/forgotten learning.	ensure that the assessment judgements made for any one pupil are accurate, fair, comparable with those made for all other pupils in the same class, and consistent with those made in other classes and in other schools. (NfER)	
MyOn and Accelerated reader access for all children.	EEF toolkit suggests that on average, reading comprehension approaches improve learning by an additional 5 months' progress over the course of a school year. These approaches appear to be even more effective for older readers (aged 8 years or above) who are not making expected progress.	
TTRockstarz access for all children	Studies consistently find that digital technology is associated with moderate learning gains: on average, an additional four months' progress.	
Retention of experiences and highly qualified teaching and support staff.	EEF recommendation that ensuring an effective teacher is in front of every class, and that every teacher is supported to keep improving, is the key ingredient of a successful school.	

# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £ 26,908.00

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Social Emotional and Mental Health needs		3
Identification and engagement of most vulnerable children and families.	Public Health England stated that schools have an opportunity to increase the resilience of the students they teach. There are a number of specific strategies that teach social and emotional skills as part of a wider	

Identified support staff for specific support/programmes	strategy, which have shown some positive results, e.g., social and emotional learning (SEL) programmes	
Use of TALKABOUT programme to promote independence, self-esteem and resilience.	On average, SEL interventions have an identifiable and valuable impact on attitudes to learning and social relationships in school. They also have an average overall impact of four	
Therapeutic interventions delivered by qualified staff (Lego Therapy, Draw and Talk therapy)	months' additional progress on attainment. (EEF)	
Referrals to other agencies:  • Emotional Wellbeing • Counselling	BACP states that counselling helps with behaviour and learning and can stop mental health problems from developing further.	
Behaviour Support  Use of Learning Mentor	Evidence suggests that offering more specialised programmes which are targeted at children with either behavioural issues or behaviour and	
to provide focussed support and interventions.	academic problems, will have a positive impact on attainment especially for older children. (EEF)	
	EEF evidence suggests that, on average, behaviour interventions can produce moderate improvements in academic performance along with a decrease in problematic behaviours.	
Lost Learning		1, 2
Refined and amended planning documents to ensure curriculum coverage and breadth, with a focus on any gaps and missed/forgotten learning.	Small group and 1:1 interventions with highly qualified staff have shown to be effective (EEF Toolkit)	
A HLTA will be tasked to provide tuition for 3 days per week.	Short, regular sessions (about 30 minutes, three to five times a week) over a set period of time (six to twelve weeks) appear to result in optimum impact.	
Intervention programmes delivered by highly qualified teaching assistants.	Evidence also suggests tuition should be additional to, but explicitly linked with, normal teaching, and that teachers should monitor progress to ensure the tutoring is beneficial. A variability in	

Implementation of 'catch up' groups and small group targeted work for identified children.	findings may suggest it is the particular type or quality of teaching enabled by very small groups that is important, rather than the precise size of the group.  EEF Teaching and Learning Toolkit:  Small group tuition - additional 4 months progress.	
SEND support  Detailed intervention programmes delivered by qualified teaching assistants.	Small group and 1:1 interventions with highly qualified staff have shown to be effective (EEF Toolkit)	4

# Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £ 26,908.00

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Safeguarding and Welfare Use of CPOMS to quickly and effectively address safeguarding concerns  PSA to provide support and advice to parents, liaise with other agencies and attend TAF meeting.	Schools play an essential role in protecting children for abuse. They have regular contact with children and young people so are in a strong position to identify signs of abuse and neglect (NSPCC)  Additional support and concerns can be quickly identified and actions can be taken, e.g., meetings with parents, referrals to outside agencies.  Families need support for social and emotional issues – their own and that of their children. The school's PSA can provide support for families, working towards more positive outcomes.	5, 7
Attendance and Persistent absence		6
Subsidised breakfast clubs and after school clubs for disadvantaged pupils to encourage	Breakfast clubs can have a highly positive effect on attendance and punctuality. They can also have a positive impact on levels of engagement, concentration and	

attendance and	behaviour for learning in children. This	
punctuality	can improve academic outcomes (School Food Trust)	
	EEF evidence indicates that, on average, pupils make two additional months' progress per year from targeted use of before and after school programmes. There is some evidence that disadvantaged pupils benefit more, making closer to three months' additional progress.	
PSA directed to focus on attendance as part of role in engaging with parents:  • First day absence phone calls • Analysis of data • Support for pupils • Support and challenge for	CEDAR states: "The proportion of persistent absentees decreased by almost a quarter in schools with a PSA." The PSAs' impact on improving parents' engagement with their children's learning, improved relationships between parents and the school and improved pupil attendance overall was also overwhelmingly positive.	
target families  Social deprivation		7
All children can access wider curriculum opportunities including school trips and residential visits  Subsidised breakfast clubs and after school clubs for disadvantaged pupils	Overall, studies of outdoor learning experiences consistently show positive benefits on academic learning. On average, pupils who participate in outdoor learning experiences make approximately four additional months' progress. There is also evidence of an impact on non-cognitive outcomes such as self-confidence. (EEF)	

Total budgeted cost: £107,632.00

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

## **Pupil premium strategy outcomes**

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

Due to COVID-19, performance measures have not been published for 2020 to 2021, and 2020 to 2021 results will not be used to hold schools to account. Given this, other pupil evaluations have been undertaken during the 2020 to 2021 academic year, and we have taken these into account when evaluating our strategy.

## **Teaching Strategies**

Quality remote learning was provided for children during lockdown and for children who were self-isolating. Teacher provided daily learning in TEAMS which included a mix of video lessons, links to websites, PowerPoints, quizzes and weekly live class meetings. Technology was offered to families where needed.

All children had access to TEAMS but not all children were accessing it. We had to revert to paper copies of work going home linked to workbooks. Teachers live lessons were effective for those online and videos sent out to children via Parentmail were well received and supported concepts in learning. Laptops for home learning were available but not requested very often.

Training and CPD was provided to develop the role of middle leaders in school. Training in loss and bereavement, understanding anxiety and IT was accessed in preparation for supporting children needs on return to school and to better support catch up.

Training has supported staff in creating their own subject leader action plans and develop their understanding of the role. Bereavement and anxiety training was helpful to staff when supporting children, families and colleagues. IT training was useful to support the teaching of the core curriculum.

## **Targeted Intervention**

Quality tutoring and additional support was provided for children who were challenged in their learning due to the pandemic.

Children enjoyed the tutoring sessions delivered remotely through Sunderland University. Teaching assistant supported children who were working below what was expected of their individual progress. This will continue in 2021-2022 to ensure all children receive the right support and interventions.

## **Wider Strategies**

Support was provided for children struggling to return to school. The school's learning mentor was made available to pick up daily referrals and support in a timely manner and follow these up with programmes of support. The PSA liaised with families early to get a bigger picture of the child's needs and offer referrals or signpost for appropriate support. Referrals to outside agencies continued to be made, where appropriate, to support any SEN needs identified.

The learning mentor's role has been vital in being able to react quickly to support children at the point of need and identify when further specialist support is required. Our PSA's role has been pivotal in communicating between home and school and liaising with specialists for families when needed. Although referrals to other agencies were made, delays due to COVID have resulted in longer delays in children receiving further support and assessment.

## **Externally provided programmes**

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider
TT Rockstars	Maths Circle Ltd

## **Service pupil premium funding (optional)**

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil	<ul> <li>Funding was used to:</li> <li>Increase levels of resilience and independence for pupils through specific PSHE teaching.</li> </ul>
premium allocation last academic year?	<ul> <li>Address and emotional issues experiences by pupils through therapeutic interventions delivered by a qualified Learning Mentor</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provided parental support in relation to home needs and encourage increased involvement of parents in supporting pupils through parent participation events and PSA support and signposting.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identify and support for any gaps in learning that may occur due to time away from school necessary due to parental</li> </ul>

	deployment away from home, through catch up sessions planned and delivered by class teachers and teaching assistants.
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	All service children were well supported. The PSA maintained regular contact with families to ensure positive home/school liaison. Pupils spent time with the school's learning mentor as needed to support social and emotional needs. Class teachers teaching assistants provided differentiated activities to support the learning of pupils and provided extra 'catch up' sessions where these were needed.

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2021 to 2022 academic year.

## **Teaching Strategies**

Effective teaching has resulted in good progress for pupils, despite ongoing factors such as Covid and poor attendance. A strong focus on reading and phonics has shown positive results in KS1 and KS2 with children making progress above national expectations. 88% of pupils in Year 1 passed their phonics test and 3/5 of pupils who re-took their test in year 2 passed (Year 2 class 90.5% overall)

In KS1 85.7% met the expected standard in Reading, 71.4% in Writing and 81% in Maths. Outcomes for PP children were the same or better than those achieved by non PP pupils.

In KS2, 85.8% met the expected standard in Reading (National 74%), 71% in Writing (National 69%), 76% in SPAG (National 72%), 76% in Maths (National 71%) and 71% in Science (National 79%). A higher number of non PP pupils achieved the expected standard than that of PP pupils.

74.1% of pupils in Year 4 achieved over 20/25 in the Multiplication check.

Moderation with neighbouring schools this term was successful in supporting teacher assessments and identifying common areas of strength and difficulty.

Early skills and intervention for Pupil Premium pupils will be a focus for this year with numbers below National expectations. Overall 60.8% achieved a good level of development in EYFS.

### **Targeted Intervention**

Quality tutoring and additional support was provided for children who were challenged in their learning this year. Children enjoyed tutoring sessions delivered by a HLTA in school. Teaching assistant supported children who were working below what was expected of their individual progress. This will continue in 2022-2023 to ensure all children receive the right support and interventions.

Outcomes for SEND compared to Non SEND in KS1 reading and maths were similar, but non SEND pupils performed better in writing (71% compared to 43%).

SEND and PP progress in KS2 results is still significantly lower than Non PP and Non SEND pupils and will continue to be a priority area for next year.

## Wider Strategies

The school's learning mentor was made available to pick up daily referrals and support in a timely manner and follow these up with programmes of support. The PSA liaised with families early to get a bigger picture of the child's needs and offer referrals or signpost for appropriate support. Referrals to outside agencies continued to be made, where appropriate, to support any SEN needs identified.

Although referrals to other agencies were made, delays have resulted in longer delays in children receiving further support and assessment.

Overall attendance for school is 93.3% (93.6% without FS2). PA rate for school is 19% (14% without FS2). Attendance of PP pupils was 92.5% (94.15% for non-PP pupils). Further analysis of data has identified cohort issues for PP children's attendance which will become a focus for next year.

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2022 to 2023 academic year.

## **Teaching Strategies**

Little Wandles phonics programme is showing impact throughout school, with children in both KS1 and in intervention groups making progress. Reading has been prioritised throughout school, with children encouraged to read daily and home/school reading records being used to record reading at home. Although this is having impact in raising attainment in some classes, this is not yet consistent due to lack of parental engagement and parents not reading with their children at home. Lower 20-40% readers are reading at least three times a week, either at home with parents or at school with an adult. Teacher assessment has shown an improvement in reading for these children, with some making over a years reading progress within a half term. Some improvements in writing are being shown, linked to reading and use of more adventurous vocabulary. Greater improvements have been shown in KS2, where writing tasks have been linked to the class novel. The introduction of White Rose Maths is showing successes through school, particularly with lower ability and disadvantaged pupils. Further work is needed to support the children's retention of key skills

70% of pupils achieved a good level of development in EYFS, an increase of 9.2%, 82% of pupils in Year 1 passed their phonics test and 3/8 of pupils who re-took their test in year 2 passed.

In KS1 86% met the expected standard in Reading, 71% in Writing and 79% in Maths. Outcomes for PP children were better than those achieved by non-PP pupils.

In KS2, 82% met the expected standard in Reading (National 74%), 65% in Writing (National 69%), 73% in SPAG (National 72%) and 82% in Maths (National 71%). A

higher number of non-PP pupils achieved the expected standard than that of PP pupils.

72% of pupils in Year 4 achieved over 20/25 in the Multiplication check.

Internal and external moderation supported teacher judgements and assessment scores.

## **Targeted Intervention**

More able and higher achieving pupils are being challenged through problem solving and reasoning challenges in maths and reading challenges. Teacher assessments have identified a greater number of children working above expected levels in reading and maths in comparison to 2021/2022. SEN interventions and catch-up interventions have been planned by the SENCO and class teachers. These have been led by teaching assistants throughout school. Evaluations show that these sessions are having impact on raising/improving key needs identified. Teaching assistants are deployed to support small groups/ individual pupils in class. Due to wellbeing support and high expectations, children are becoming more resilient and disruptions to lessons due to behaviour are rare. Wellbeing support is carefully planned to ensure the most vulnerable children in school receive the support that they need quickly. Outcomes for SEND identified that SEND pupils in KS1 performed better than non-SEND pupils

SEND and PP progress in KS2 results is still significantly lower than non-PP and non-SEND pupils.

Progress and support for SEND pupils, particularly those who are PP, will be a focus for next year.

## Wider Strategies

CPOMS is used effectively by all staff members to record any incidents. All staff now have individual logins and are alerted to incidents relating to children in their class where relevant.

Attendance continues to have a high focus in school. It is discussed weekly at SMT meetings, and attendance is shared weekly with children and parents following celebration assembly each Friday. Classes with the highest attendance are rewarded. Attendance is discussed with parents, by teachers, at parents' meetings and letters and reminders are sent home regularly.

Several workshops and events have been organised to encourage parental engagement, including craft afternoons, maths and phonics workshops and sporting activities. Engagement is not consistent and further work is needed to encourage parents to become more involved with school and their children's education.

School visits have been organised, but cost implications for transport have prevented many 'out of school' events to take place. Visitors have been welcomed in to school, both to work with the children and parents. FOSH and the Uniform shop have been set up to support and encourage families to become more involved with school and to receive support.

Children have continued to have access to a range of after-school clubs and opportunities and the school's PSA has continued to support parents and signpost to additional support where necessary.

Overall attendance for school is 93.02%. PA rate for school is 24.7%. Attendance of PP pupils was 91.82% (94.35% for non-PP pupils). Further analysis of data has identified cohort issues for PP children's attendance which will continue to be a focus for next year.

## **Externally provided programmes**

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider
TT Rockstars	Maths Circle Ltd

# **Service pupil premium funding (optional)**

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:

Measure	Details
How did you	Funding was used to:
spend your service pupil premium	<ul> <li>Increase levels of resilience and independence for pupils through specific PSHE teaching.</li> </ul>
allocation last academic year?	<ul> <li>Address and emotional issues experiences by pupils through therapeutic interventions delivered by a qualified Learning Mentor</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provided parental support in relation to home needs and encourage increased involvement of parents in supporting pupils through parent participation events and PSA support and signposting.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identify and support for any gaps in learning that may occur due to time away from school necessary due to parental deployment away from home, through catch up sessions planned and delivered by class teachers and teaching assistants.</li> </ul>
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	All service children were well supported. The PSA maintained regular contact with families to ensure positive home/school liaison. Pupils spent time with the school's learning mentor as needed to support social and emotional needs. Class teachers teaching assistants provided differentiated activities to support the learning of pupils and provided extra 'catch up' sessions where these were needed.

# Part C: Governance – monitoring the effectiveness of the Pupil Premium Strategy

Governors are involved in evaluating our Pupil Premium Strategy termly. Please see below a brief summary of discussions about the effectiveness of the strategy to address the intended outcomes.

Activity	Autumn 2021 Evaluation	Committee Date
Teaching Priorities	All staff have received training and ongoing support to effectively implement phonics teaching and catch-up following the Little Wandles phonics program. Scrutiny of medium and short-term planning identified that staff have covered previously uncovered objectives as well as teaching current your objectives in their planning to support catch-up and missed learning.	25/1/2022
Targeted Academic Support	Catch-up groups have been identified and are being led by teaching assistants throughout school. School has been challenged with trying to employ a HLTA to lead tutoring. The post is being advertised for a third time.  Wellbeing has continued to be a high priority in school with referrals made to outside agencies and support offered internally through the school's Learning Mentor for any children or families who have required additional support.	25/1/2022
Wider Strategies	Breakfast and after-school clubs have continued throughout this term to support parents and offer wider experiences to the children in school.  The PSA has worked with several families to support attendance and social deprivation. A number of children are now expected to provide medical evidence for any further absences and letters/meetings have taken place for the poorest attenders.	25/1/2022

Activity	Spring 2022 Evaluation	Committee Date
Teaching Priorities	The Little Wandles phonics programme continues to be implemented throughout school. Recent observations of teaching and analysis of assessment data has shown that this is being effectively implemented and is having a positive impact of the children's phonic knowledge and reading development. Observations of teaching has shown that the majority of year groups are now teaching objectives on track for their current	28/6/2022

	year group, ensuring that all missed objectives have now been covered or are planned to be covered.	
Targeted Academic Support	SEN interventions and Catch-Up groups are led by Teaching assistants and a HLTA throughout school and are showing a positive impact in the progress being made. Tutoring is now delivered daily by a HLTA and is working well to support children to 'catch up' with any objectives they had previously struggled with.  Wellbeing continues to be a high priority in school. Several referrals have been made to outside agencies. These have included referrals for SEN assessment and support as well as to other agencies such as One Point to provide support for family and children's welfare. Support has also been offered internally through the school's Learning Mentor.	28/6/2022
Wider Strategies	Breakfast and after-school clubs have continued throughout this term to support parents and offer wider experiences to the children in school.  Visits and Visitors have restarted this term, with further experiences planned for next term.  The PSA has worked with several families to support attendance and housing issues.  Attendance is a high priority throughout school, with pupils and parents encouraged to support 100% attendance wherever possible. Attendance letters have been sent home and discussions with parents about attendance occur regularly.	28/6/2022

Activity	Summer 2022 Evaluation	Committee Date
Teaching Priorities	60.8% achieved a good level of development in EYFS, 88% of pupils in Year 1 passed their phonics test and 3/5 of pupils who re-took their test in year 2 passed (Year 2 class 90.5% overall)	20/07/2022
	In KS1 85.7% met the expected standard in Reading, 71.4% in Writing and 81% in Maths. Outcomes for PP children were the same or better than those achieved by non PP pupils.	
	In KS2, 85.8% met the expected standard in Reading (National 74%), 71% in Writing (National 69%), 76% in SPAG (National 72%), 76% in Maths (National 71%) and 71% in Science (National 79%). A higher number of non PP pupils achieved the expected standard than that of PP pupils.	
	74.1% of pupils in Year 4 achieved over 20/25 in the Multiplication check.	
	Moderation with neighbouring schools this term was successful in supporting teacher	

	assessments and identifying common areas of strength and difficulty following Covid Catch Up.	
Targeted Academic Support	17 children have been on the vulnerable list at some point during the academic year. Only 5 are currently open to either One Point, Families First or Children in Care. 2 families have had One Point referrals, with one resulting in a TAF.  Outcomes for SEND compared to Non SEND in KS1 reading and maths were similar, but non SEND pupils performed better in writing (71% compared to 43%).	20/07/2022
	SEND and PP progress in KS2 results is still significantly lower than Non PP and Non SEND pupils and will continue to be a priority area for next year.	
Wider Strategies	Overall attendance for school is 93.3% (93.6% without FS2). PA rate for school is 19% (14% without FS2). Attendance of PP pupils was 92.5% (94.15% for non-PP pupils). Further analysis of data has identified cohort issues for PP children's attendance which will become a focus for next year.	20/07/2022

Activity	Autumn 2022 Evaluation	Committee Date
Teaching Priorities	Changes have been made to the school's long-term and medium-term plans to ensure greater progression and continuity throughout school. Subject leaders have been leading on these changes and staff are now embedding the curriculum changes within their every-day teaching. Observations by Senior Leaders and Subject Leaders have shown that children are well engaged in subjects taught and are enthusiastic about their learning. Scrutiny of medium and short-term planning identified coverage of objectives over the term, following new schemes and National Curriculum objectives. Changes made to Little Wandles Phonics programme are being implemented.	16/12/22
Targeted Academic Support	SEN interventions and catch-up interventions have been planned by the SENCO and class teachers. These have been led by teaching assistants throughout school. Evaluations show that these sessions are having impact on raising/improving key needs identified. School have employed a member of staff to begin delivering tutoring, starting in January 2023. Children and objectives for these sessions have been identified by class teachers and senior leaders.  Wellbeing and early identification of need continues to be a high priority in school with referrals made to outside agencies and support offered internally through the school's Learning Mentor and PSA for any children or families who have required additional support.	16/12/22
Wider Strategies	Breakfast and a wide range of after-school clubs have continued throughout this term to support parents and offer wider experiences to the children in school.  The PSA has worked with several families to support attendance and social deprivation.  Attendance continues to be a high priority in school, and is shared with staff, parents and children on a weekly basis.	16/12/22

Activity	Spring 2023 Evaluation	Committee Date
Teaching Priorities	Little Wandles phonics programme is showing impact throughout school, with children in both KS1 and in intervention groups making progress. Reading has been prioritised throughout school, with children encouraged to read daily and home/school reading records being used to record reading at home. Although this is having impact in raising attainment in some classes, this is not yet consistent due to lack of parental engagement and parents not reading with their children at home. Lower 20-40% readers are reading at least three times a week, either at home with parents or at school with an adult. Teacher assessment has shown an improvement in reading for these children, with some making over a years reading progress within a half term. Some improvements in writing are being shown, linked to reading and use of more adventurous vocabulary. Greater improvements have been shown in KS2, where writing tasks have been linked to the class novel. The introduction of White Rose Maths is showing successes through school, particularly with lower ability and disadvantaged pupils. Further work is needed to support the children's retention of key skills	21/03/2023
Targeted Academic Support	More able and higher achieving pupils are being challenged through problem solving and reasoning challenges in maths and reading challenges. Teacher assessments have identified a greater number of children working above expected levels in reading and maths in comparison to 2021/2022. SEN interventions and catch-up interventions have been planned by the SENCO and class teachers. These have been led by teaching assistants throughout school. Evaluations show that these sessions are having impact on raising/improving key needs identified. Teaching assistants are deployed to support small groups/ individual pupils in class. Due to wellbeing support and high expectations, children are becoming more resilient and disruptions to lessons due to behaviour are rare. Wellbeing support is carefully planned to ensure the most vulnerable children in school receive the support that they need quickly.	21/03/2023
Wider Strategies	CPOMS is used effectively by all staff members to record any incidents. All staff now have individual logins and are alerted to incidents relating to children in their class where relevant.  Attendance continues to have a high focus in school. It is discussed weekly at SMT meetings, and attendance is shared weekly with children and parents following celebration assembly each	21/03/2023

Friday. Classes with the highest attendance are rewarded. Attendance is discussed with parents, by teachers, at parents' meetings and letters and reminders are sent home regularly.	
Several workshops and events have been organised to encourage parental engagement, including craft afternoons, maths and phonics workshops and sporting activities. Engagement is not consistent and further work is needed to encourage parents to become more involved with school and their children's education.	
School visits have been organised, but cost implications for transport have prevented many 'out of school' events to take place. Visitors have been welcomed in to school, both to work with the children and parents. FOSH and the Uniform shop have been set up to support and encourage families to become more involved with school and to receive support.	
Children have continued to have access to a range of after-school clubs and opportunities and the school's PSA has continued to support parents and signpost to additional support where necessary.	

Activity	Summer 2023 Evaluation	Committee Date
Teaching Priorities	70% of pupils achieved a good level of development in EYFS, an increase of 9.2%, 82% of pupils in Year 1 passed their phonics test and 3/8 of pupils who re-took their test in year 2 passed.	19/07/2023
	In KS1 86% met the expected standard in Reading, 71% in Writing and 79% in Maths. Outcomes for PP children were better than those achieved by non-PP pupils.	
	In KS2, 82% met the expected standard in Reading (National 74%), 65% in Writing (National 69%), 73% in SPAG (National 72%) and 82% in Maths (National 71%). A higher number of non-PP pupils achieved the expected standard than that of PP pupils.	
	72% of pupils in Year 4 achieved over 20/25 in the Multiplication check.	
	Internal and external moderation supported teacher judgements and assessment scores.	
Targeted Academic Support	Outcomes for SEND identified that SEND pupils in KS1 performed better than non-SEND pupils	19/07/2023

	SEND and PP progress in KS2 results is still significantly lower than non-PP and non-SEND pupils.  Progress and support for SEND pupils, particularly those who are PP, will be a focus for next year.	
Wider Strategies	Overall attendance for school is 93.02%. PA rate for school is 24.7%. Attendance of PP pupils was 91.82% (94.35% for non-PP pupils). Further analysis of data has identified cohort issues for PP children's attendance which will continue to be a focus for next year.	19/07/2023

Activity	Autumn 2023 Evaluation	Committee Date
Teaching Priorities	Monitoring and observations by Senior Leaders and Subject Leaders have shown that children are well engaged in subjects taught and are enthusiastic about their learning. They are able to discuss their learning more readily and can identify key skills and vocabulary learned. Scrutiny of medium and short-term planning identified coverage of objectives over the term, following agreed schemes and National Curriculum objectives.	19/12/2023
Targeted Academic Support	There are currently 42 children on the SEND register. SEN interventions and catch-up interventions have been planned by the SENCO and class teachers. These have been led by teaching assistants throughout school. Evaluations show that these sessions are having impact on raising/improving key needs identified. 25 referrals were made to various outside agencies in the Autumn Term.	19/12/2023
	School employed a member of staff to deliver tutoring. Tutoring was delivered to children In Year 3 and 4 in Autumn Term and was successful in developing the children's understanding of key objectives and developing confidence. Children and objectives for Year 5 and 6 pupils have been identified by class teachers and senior leaders to start in January 2024.	
	Wellbeing and early identification of need continues to be a high priority in school with referrals made to outside agencies and support offered internally through the school's Learning Mentor and Teaching assistants.	
Wider Strategies	Breakfast and a wide range of after-school clubs have continued throughout this term to support	19/12/2023

parents and offer wider experiences to the children in school.

The Learning mentor has worked with several families to support vulnerable pupils and families and social deprivation. School currently support 2 TAF's and have made 1 Early Help referral this term.

Attendance continues to be a high priority in school, and is shared with staff, parents and children on a weekly basis. Overall school attendance is 92.55% (91.6% for PP pupils compared to 93.6% for non-PP pupils).

Persistent Absences for whole school was 59 pupils (28.5%) and 40 pupils (23.21%) not including Nursery. Of this, 21 pupils (12.13%) were PP and 19 pupils (10.98%) were non PP.